

THEY DID NOT UNITE.

REVOLUTIONARY SOCIETIES DISAGREE.

ALLEGED ECCENTRIC TACTICS AND A BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE SONS OF THE REVOLUTION.

The contemplated union of the two societies, the Sons of the American Revolution and the Sons of the Revolution, failed at its place at the meeting of the societies held yesterday in the Chamber of Commerce, and the result was a breach of faith on the part of the Sons of the American Revolution, which is the subject of some of the best-known men in the country, and which has a membership of 25,000, was willing to make many important concessions to the younger and less popular society. A plan of union was drawn up, and the Sons of the American Revolution, which is the subject of some of the best-known men in the country, and which has a membership of 25,000, was willing to make many important concessions to the younger and less popular society.

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CHARLES WALDO HASKINS.

It was provided in this plan of union that the new constitution should first be adopted by both societies, whereupon they should immediately go into joint convention, ratify the constitution of the united societies, and elect national officers and adjourn.

The Sons of the Revolution apparently were anxious to unite with the larger society, and they went as far as to adopt the recommendation that they should be the Sons of the American Revolution on the same day as in the plan of union. At the last moment, however, in direct opposition to the new constitution, which they had already approved, they sent word to the Sons of the American Revolution proposing that a committee of two members from each society be appointed, they to choose a fifth member from neither society, which committee would have the power to examine the credentials of every member of the two societies and need not both societies, and report to an adjourned meeting at a future date, which meeting would adopt the constitution and elect officers. The Sons of the American Revolution accepted this proposal, and sent word to the Sons of the Revolution that the plan of union and constitution was satisfactory, and that the two societies should meet at once and proceed with the work provided in their resolution, whereupon the Sons of the American Revolution, with considerable indignation, refused to do so.

The two societies met in separate rooms at 10:30 a. m. The Sons of the American Revolution was called to order by the president, General Horace Porter. There were 102 delegates present. The governor Carroll, of Maryland, presided over the meeting, and the committee was composed of fifty delegates. In both societies numerous amendments were proposed to the new constitution, which was a remarkable measure in that it failed to provide for any board of managers, dropped out certain clauses of eligibility to membership which would have thrown out many members in both societies, and admitted to membership only those who claim to be based on what their great uncles did in the Revolution. After a recess during which the Sons of the American Revolution at 12:45 o'clock had adjourned, the Sons of the Revolution at 1:30 o'clock adjourned, reserving only one article of their constitution in joint session, and a committee composed of General Porter, Jonathan Trumbull and E. J. Hill was appointed to confer with the Sons of the Revolution. After considerable delay, caused by the latter society, the committee reported that they understood the result to be satisfactory. At 2:30 p. m., however, the Sons of the American Revolution sent a committee down to urge that the new constitution and plan of union be approved by the Sons of the American Revolution, without any amendments to amendments. This committee, consisting of Mr. Tullidge and Mr. Woodruff, were highly received. After they had retired General Porter made an earnest speech favoring compliance with the wish of the other society. At 3 p. m. the Sons of the American Revolution adjourned unanimously, sacrificing the new constitution for the sake of union. Word was sent to the other society.

Then, according to the plan of union, the two societies should have immediately met in joint session, ratified the constitution and elected officers for coming year. The Sons of the American Revolution waited and waited, expecting every minute that the other society would make its appearance. It was 4:30 p. m., however, before they did so, and then they appeared only in a committee consisting of John C. Tomlinson, Mayor Carpenter and one other, who reported that they had a new resolution to offer, which, if accepted, would postpone union and the election of officers two months. It was that the joint committee of five refused to be appointed to revise the whole membership of both societies, throwing out all who would not be eligible under the new constitution, and that a National convention of both societies should then be held to adopt the constitution and elect officers.

This proposition was in direct violation of the plan of union, which was accepted by both conventions, which provided, first, that State societies should be the absolute judge of the qualifications of members, and, secondly, that there should be an immediate joint convention for finishing up the business of union, before the retirement of the committee. The Sons of the American Revolution, unanimously and with little debate, rejected the new proposition, and sent word to the Sons of the Revolution, which is the subject of some of the best-known men in the country, and which has a membership of 25,000, was willing to make many important concessions to the younger and less popular society.

THE SEAMAN WILL COAST.

The papers in the seaman will coast, which are said to have been published since July, were yesterday produced before the referee, John E. Watt, at his office, No. 54 Wall-st., by Lawrence Drake, Mr. Drake testified that they had been in his office several months where he considered them a nuisance. They had been there for some time before he had looked at them. They had been sent to him by Mr. Merriman, who had received them from George B. Pyle. The referee adjourned the case for one week in order to look over the papers.

HARLEM BRIDGE PLANS APPROVED.

The preliminary plan for the approaches to the new bridge over the Harlem River at Tidal-st., as submitted by the Commissioner of Public Works, was approved by the Board of Estimate yesterday. The cost, approximately estimated, is now given at \$6,500,000 for the land needed for the approaches, and \$1,200,000 for the bridge. Small sums to institutions were allowed from the theatrical and concert fund, having been omitted from the original distribution.

MILWAUKEE MILLERS NOT IN A TRUST.

Milwaukee, Feb. 16.—The leading millers of Milwaukee say they have heard nothing relative to the millers' trust, further than that which was published in the press. A combination of trust has been formed, said Harry Sanders, Milwaukee miller, have been simply left out. W. H. Semons, of the Northwestern Miller, said there was no trust whatever in the report.

DIAMOND SILVER MINES TO SHUT DOWN.

Idaho, Feb. 16.—Advises from the Coeur d'Alene silver mining district in Shoshone County are that owing to the low price of silver the mine will, within a few weeks, be compelled to shut down. This action will throw about 2,000 men out of employment.

BRASSIUS WILKIN OF COMMERCIAL UNION.

Brooklyn, Feb. 16 (Special).—At the annual banquet of the Commercial Union of this city to-night, Erasmus Wilkin presided, as the result of the long and interesting combination of trust has been formed, said Harry Sanders, Milwaukee miller, have been simply left out. W. H. Semons, of the Northwestern Miller, said there was no trust whatever in the report.

A TRACTION COMPANY WITH A SMALL CAPITAL.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 16.—The New York Traction Company was incorporated today for the purpose of constructing railroads and furnishing power for railroads in New York City, capital, \$5,000,000. The directors are John A. Wall, F. K. Bailey, E. J. Jordan, W. H. McHenry, George Turner, Charles A. Johnson, Raymond C. Johnson, Charles H. Russell, Charles Clark, Brooklyn; James A. Morris, E. C. Van Dyke, Ithaca, N. Y.

GEORGE C. LADD DIES.

Boston, Feb. 16.—George C. Ladd, ex-principal of the Boston and Maine Railroad, is dying at his home in Newton.

E. D. FULFORD WINS THE SECOND MATCH.

The second of the prize-winning matches between E. D. Fulford, the American professional champion, and J. D. Anderson, the Scotch professional, took place yesterday at the Madison Square Garden. Anderson won the first match, but Fulford won the second match, thus regaining the title.

INCIDENTS ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

The Stock Exchange had two small incidents of excitement yesterday. One was a dispute between Louis Schepp and Rudolph Koppeler over 100 shares of stocks. Some hot words passed between the two men, and a fight was threatened, but finally they agreed to drop the matter, and a loss of \$75,000 was accepted as the result of the dispute by one of the brokers. No complaints will be made to any of the committees of the Exchange. The other incident was the attempt of a former member of the Exchange, who had been suspended for insolvency, to force his way upon the floor of the Exchange. He was refused admittance, and finally went away. Charitable judgment is exercised in explanation of the man's conduct.

THE STATE BOARD OF TRADE SESSIONS.

Albany, Feb. 16.—At the second day's session of the State Board of Trade here today a resolution was adopted urging the repeal of many laws, thus reaffirming the action of the board last year. Resolutions were adopted unanimously urging the speedy completion of the Erie Canal, the Hudson River Canal, and the New York Canal; urging upon the Government of the United States the introduction of a postal package system similar to that now in use in Europe; providing that the welfare of the entire country be promoted by demands and the Federal labor laws should, by proper legislation, unobstructedly provide for a national money basis whereby the impending crisis may be averted, and against the continued practice of the State Board of Trade.

CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCKS.

Table with columns for Stock Name, Yesterday's Price, Today's Price, and Change. Includes stocks like Alta, Baiter, and others.

Country Real Estate for Sale.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—Elegant 40-foot front residence on the line of the Central R. R. of N. J. in the city of Newark, N. J. Address OWNER, P. O. Box 100, Newark, N. J.

Board and Rooms.

A SPACIOUS FLOORING Madison Square, fully furnished rooms, bath, electric light, hot water, moderate prices. Address E. A. DAILEY, 74 West 34th-st.

City Real Estate Co. Ltd.

HOUSES TO LET.—Furnished and unfurnished, 6 double locations. FORTSON 100, 101, 102, Broadway.

Wanted.

AGENTS WANTED.—YORK TRIBUNE. AGENTS WANTED FOR THE SALE OF THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE. Address: 100 N. 2nd-st., New York.

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WANTED.—Ladies on water work, part or full time. Address: 100 N. 2nd-st., New York.

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